GCE Examinations

Statistics Module S2

Advanced Subsidiary / Advanced Level

Paper B

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions and Information

Candidates may use any calculator except those with a facility for symbolic algebra and/or calculus.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

Mathematical and statistical formulae and tables are available.

This paper has 6 questions.

Advice to Candidates

You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to an examiner. Answers without working will gain no credit.



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1. (a) Explain what you understand by the term sampling frame when conducting a sample survey.

(1 mark)

- (b) Suggest a suitable sampling frame and identify the sampling units when using a sample survey to study
 - (i) the frequency with which cars break down in the first 3 months after being serviced at a particular garage,
 - (ii) the weight loss of people involved in trials of a new dieting programme.

(4 marks)

- 2. An ornithologist believes that on average 4.2 different species of bird will visit a bird table in a rural garden when 50 g of breadcrumbs are spread on it.
 - (a) Suggest a suitable distribution for modelling the number of species that visit a bird table meeting these criteria.

(1 mark)

- (b) Explain why the parameter used with this model may need to be changed if
 - (i) 50 g of nuts are used instead of breadcrumbs,
 - (ii) 100g of breadcrumbs are used.

(2 marks)

A bird table in a rural garden has 50 g of breadcrumbs spread on it.

Find the probability that

(c) exactly 6 different species visit the table,

(2 marks)

(d) more than 2 different species visit the table.

(4 marks)

- **3.** In a test studying reaction times, white dots appear at random on a black rectangular screen. The continuous random variable *X* represents the distance, in centimetres, of the dot from the left-hand edge of the screen. The distribution of *X* is rectangular over the interval [0, 20].
 - (a) Find P(2 < X < 3.6).

(2 marks)

(b) Find the mean and variance of X.

(3 marks)

The continuous random variable Y represents the distance, in centimetres, of the dot from the bottom edge of the screen. The distribution of Y is rectangular over the interval [0, 16].

Find the probability that a dot appears

(c) in a square of side 4 cm at the centre of the screen,

(4 marks)

(d) within 2 cm of the edge of the screen.

(4 marks)

4. It is believed that the number of sets of traffic lights that fail per hour in a particular large city follows a Poisson distribution with a mean of 3.

Find the probability that

(a) there will be no failures in a one-hour period,

(1 mark)

(b) there will be more than 4 failures in a 30-minute period.

(3 marks)

Using a suitable approximation, find the probability that in a 24-hour period there will be

(c) less than 60 failures,

(5 marks)

(d) exactly 72 failures.

(4 marks)

Turn over

5. Six standard dice with faces numbered 1 to 6 are thrown together.

Assuming that the dice are fair, find the probability that

- (a) none of the dice show a score of 6, (3 marks)
- (b) more than one of the dice shows a score of 6, (4 marks)
- (c) there are equal numbers of odd and even scores showing on the dice. (3 marks)

One of the dice is suspected of being biased such that it shows a score of 6 more often than the other numbers. This die is thrown eight times and gives a score of 6 three times.

(d) Stating your hypotheses clearly, test at the 5% level of significance whether or not this die is biased towards scoring a 6.

(7 marks)

6. The continuous random variable *X* has the following probability density function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}x, & 0 \le x \le 2, \\ \frac{1}{12}(6-x), & 2 \le x \le 6, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Sketch f(x) for all values of x. (4 marks)
- (b) State the mode of X. (1 mark)
- (c) Define fully the cumulative distribution function F(x) of X. (9 marks)
- (d) Show that the median of X is 2.536, correct to 4 significant figures. (4 marks)

END